

No. 55. Public Health (Summer Resorts) Laws, 1928 and 1934.

BYE-LAWS MADE BY THE PUBLIC HEALTH BOARD OF BOGHAZ.

In exercise of the powers vested in them by the Public Health (Summer Resorts) Laws, 1928 and 1934, the Public Health Board of Boghaz hereby make the following bye-laws.

PART I

PRELIMINARY.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Public Health (Boghaz) Bye-laws, 1937, and are hereinafter referred to as "these bye-laws."
2. These bye-laws shall come into operation on and immediately after their publication in the *Gazette*.

PART II.

INTERPRETATION.

3. In these bye-laws, unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms have the meanings respectively assigned to them, that is to say:—

"Animal," save when in any part or chapter of these bye-laws otherwise defined, means any ass, camel, cow, goat, horse, kid, lamb, mule, ox, sheep or swine.

"Bakery" means any premises or place used for preparing or making or baking bread for sale to the public.

"Board" means the Public Health Board of Boghaz established under the Law.

"Bread" means household bread and does not include fancy bread.

"Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the District of Famagusta and includes any person who at any time is lawfully discharging the duties of the Commissioner of the District of Famagusta.

"Fancy bread" means the victuals known as "koullouria" and "paximadia."

"Foodstuffs" means any goods, commodities, articles, things, or liquids used for human consumption.

"Fresh meat" means the fresh meat of any animal.

"Household refuse" means any ashes, dung, dust, filth, paper, rubbish or any other waste matter.

"Khan" includes any room or place used as a khan or in connection therewith.

"Law" means the Public Health (Summer Resorts) Laws, 1928 and 1934, and any law amending or substituted for the same.

"Medical Officer" means the District Medical Officer of Famagusta or his representative and includes any registered Medical Practitioner authorized or appointed by the District Medical Officer for the purposes of these bye-laws.

"Petroleum" includes any inflammable substance which is derived from petroleum, coal or any other bituminous substance or from any of their products.

"Premises" means any building, structure, hut, shop, tent, land or place situated within the area of the Summer Resort.

“Public notification” means a notification signed by the Commissioner or the District Medical Officer and posted at the Police Station within the area of the Summer Resort.

“Summer Resort” means the village of Boghaz and the area of such village declared by Order of the Governor in Council to be a Summer Resort under the Law and shall include any other additional area which the Governor in Council may at any time by Order declare to be added to such area for the purposes of the Law.

“Summer Season” means the period from 1st April to the 30th November, in each year, both inclusive.

PART III.

SLAUGHTER-HOUSE.

4.—(1) The Board may from time to time appoint premises within the area of the Summer Resort to be the slaughter-house.

(2) A public notification of every such appointment shall be made by the Commissioner.

5. The management and control of the slaughter-house is hereby vested in the person appointed from time to time by the Board to be the Inspector of the slaughter-house (hereinafter in this part of these bye-laws referred to as “the Inspector”), subject to the instructions which he may from time to time receive from the Medical Officer.

6. The slaughter-house shall be opened and shall be kept open for the slaughtering of any animal and the dressing of its carcass at such time and for such period as may be ordered by the Mukhtar.

7.—(1) No animal shall be slaughtered for human consumption or for sale within the area of the Summer Resort, except at the slaughter-house as hereinafter provided.

(2) No carcass of any such animal shall be cleaned or dressed within the area of the Summer Resort, except at the slaughter-house.

8. No animal except animals for slaughter for human consumption shall be allowed within the slaughter-house.

9. No person shall slaughter any animal in the slaughter-house unless he produces to and leaves with the Inspector the certificate of ownership in respect thereof.

10.—(1) Every animal shall be inspected before slaughter, and every carcass after slaughter, by the Inspector.

(2) No animal shall be slaughtered in the slaughter-house without the permission of the Inspector.

(3) The carcass and all parts thereof which are capable of being used for human consumption shall, until their inspection is completed, be retained in such manner as will enable them to be identified by the Inspector.

11. The inflation of carcasses and lungs by blowing with the mouth is prohibited.

12. Every carcass, part or organ which in the opinion of the Inspector is healthy and wholesome shall be passed as fit for human consumption and shall be marked by the Inspector with a seal (hereinafter in this part of these bye-laws referred to as “the seal”), of such design, pattern and colour as may be prescribed from time to time by the Board.

13. Any carcass, part or organ which in the opinion of the Inspector contains any lesion of disease or other condition that would render the meat unfit for human consumption shall be seized and disposed of in such manner as the Inspector shall direct.

14. Every person slaughtering any animal in the slaughter-house or cleaning or dressing therein the carcass thereof shall—

- (a) obtain in every six months and shall have in his possession a certificate from the Medical Officer to the effect that his state of health and physical fitness are such as not to admit of the possible infection of any such animal or carcass thereof, and
- (b) produce such certificate at all times on request to the Inspector, and
- (c) provide himself with clean and suitable knives, appliances, clothing and overalls to the satisfaction of the Inspector, and
- (d) slaughter such animal at such place in the slaughter-house as shall be indicated from time to time by the Inspector, and
- (e) clean the carcass of any such animal from offal and refuse or shall dress it at such a place in the slaughter-house as shall be indicated from time to time by the Inspector, and
- (f) dispose of such offal and refuse in such place in the slaughter-house and in such manner as shall be indicated from time to time by the Inspector, and
- (g) not remove the carcass of any such animal or any part thereof from the slaughter-house until :—
 - (i) it shall have been inspected by the Inspector, and
 - (ii) it shall have been sealed with the seal, and
 - (iii) the fee prescribed in bye-law 19 of these bye-laws shall have been paid in respect thereof.

15. Every person who has handled a diseased carcass, part or organ shall forthwith clean and disinfect his hands, knives and other appliances in such a manner as the Inspector may direct.

16. The Inspector shall enter daily in a book :—

- (a) the names and surnames of each person who slaughters any animal in the slaughter-house and of the owner of any such animal, and
- (b) the number, kind and description of all animals slaughtered in the slaughter-house by each person, and
- (c) the fees paid by each person in respect of any animal slaughtered in the slaughter-house.

17.—(1) No carcass or fresh meat of any animal shall be brought within the area of the Summer Resort for human consumption or for sale or shall be exposed for sale therein unless :—

- (a) such carcass or fresh meat belongs to an animal which has been slaughtered at the slaughter-house of the Summer Resort or a slaughter-house of a town or of a village to which the Public Health in Villages Law, 1892, or any law amending or substituted for the same applies, and has been cleaned or dressed therein, and
- (b) such carcass or fresh meat bears on it, in good and clean condition, the seal of the slaughter-house in which it was slaughtered.

(2) Any carcass or fresh meat, found within the area of the Summer Resort, which does not fulfil any of the requirements of this bye-law

may be seized and detained by the Inspector or any other person authorized in writing by the Board, and may be destroyed or otherwise disposed of or dealt with by the written order of the Inspector.

18. The Inspector or any other person authorized in writing by the Board may :—

- (a) seize and examine any carcass or fresh meat found within the area of the Summer Resort, and
- (b) examine any receptacle, found within the area of the Summer Resort, which there is reasonable cause to believe contains any carcass or fresh meat.

19. The following fees shall be paid by the owner of or the person slaughtering any animal in the slaughter-house, that is to say :—

	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
(a) For every bullock, camel, cow or ox	1	0
(b) For every goat, kid, lamb or sheep of six okes or over in weight	—	3
(c) For every kid or lamb under six okes in weight ..	—	2
(d) For every swine not exceeding five okes in weight ..	—	2
(e) For every swine exceeding five okes in weight ..	—	6

20. All fees payable under these bye-laws shall be paid to the Inspector.

21. Every receipt given by the Inspector for any fees payable under this part of these bye-laws shall be produced by the holder thereof at all times on request to the Commissioner or any other person authorized by him for the purpose.

22. In this part of these bye-laws—

- (a) the term “ animal ” means any bullock, camel, cow, goat, kid, lamb, ox, sheep or swine ;
- (b) the term “ fresh meat ” means the fresh meat of any such animal.

PART IV.

MARKETS.

Chapter 1.—Market of Perishable Goods.

23. The Board may from time to time appoint any premises or place within the area of the Summer Resort to be the market of perishable goods. A public notification for every such appointment shall be made by the Commissioner.

24. The management and control of the market of perishable goods are hereby vested in the person appointed from time to time by the Board to be the Inspector of such market (hereinafter in this chapter of these bye-laws referred to as “ the Inspector ”), subject to the instructions which he may from time to time receive from the Board.

25. The market of perishable goods shall be opened and shall be kept open daily from sunrise to sunset except on Sundays when it shall be closed at 2 p.m. : Provided that the said market may be opened or kept open with the permission of the Inspector at such other time and for such other period as may be required.

26. The place or places at which and the manner in which perishable goods shall be exposed for sale within the market of perishable goods shall be appointed and regulated by the Inspector in accordance with the instructions he may from time to time receive from the Board.

27. All perishable goods kept or exposed for sale within the market of perishable goods shall be open at all times to inspection by the Commissioner, the Medical Officer and the Inspector.

28. The shops, stalls, places and space situated in the market of perishable goods may be let on hire by the Board for such period and on such terms and conditions as the Board may from time to time determine : Provided there are other shops, stalls or places therein for the sale of perishable goods by persons other than lessees.

29. No person shall bring or cause to be brought into the market of perishable goods any skin, whether fresh or dry, of any animal.

30. Every person selling any perishable goods within the market of perishable goods shall, to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, the Medical Officer and the Inspector, at all times keep his shop, stall or place occupied by him and all furniture or receptacles in or connected with his shop, stall or place in a clean and sanitary condition and shall sweep his shop, stall or place each night before leaving the same.

31. No person shall place or hang up within the market of perishable goods any perishable goods or things so that they project into or over any passage, pavement or footway in the market of perishable goods in such a way as to obstruct or incommode the passage of any person along the said passage, pavement or footway.

32. All perishable goods kept or exposed for sale in the market of perishable goods, which in the opinion of the Medical Officer are unfit for human consumption, may be seized and destroyed by the Inspector.

33. Every toll payable under this chapter of these bye-laws shall be paid to the Inspector.

34. In this part of these bye-laws :—

The term "perishable goods" means game, fresh fruit, potatoes, tomatoes, onions, fresh beans of all kinds, fresh peas and other fresh pulse and any other green or fresh vegetables.

Chapter 2.—Meat Market.

35. The Board may from time to time appoint any premises or place within the area of the Summer Resort to be the meat market. A public notification for every such appointment shall be made by the Commissioner.

36. The management and control of the meat market are hereby vested in the person appointed from time to time by the Board to be the Inspector of such market (hereinafter in this chapter of these bye-laws referred to as "the Inspector"), subject to the instructions which he may from time to time receive from the Board.

37. The meat market shall be opened and shall be kept open at such time and for such period as may be ordered by the Mukhtar.

38. No person shall sell or expose for sale within the area of the Summer Resort any fresh meat, except at the meat market.

39. No person shall bring or cause to be brought into the meat market any skin, whether fresh or dry, of any animal.

40. All fresh meat exposed for sale in the meat market shall be open at all times to inspection by the Commissioner, the Medical Officer and the Inspector.

41. All fresh meat exposed for sale in the meat market, which in the opinion of the Medical Officer is unfit for human consumption may be seized and destroyed by the Inspector.

42. The shops, stalls, places and space situated in the meat market may be let on hire by the Board for such period and on such terms and conditions as the Board may from time to time determine: Provided there are other shops, stalls or places therein for the sale of fresh meat by persons other than lessees.

43.—(1) The following fees shall be paid by every person exposing for sale any fresh meat in the meat market, that is to say:—

	<i>s.</i>	<i>p.</i>
(a) For every carcass of sheep or goat or part thereof ..	—	3
(b) For every carcass of a young lamb or kid of less than 6 okes in weight or part thereof	—	2
(c) For every carcass of ox, camel, cow or bullock or part thereof not exceeding 30 okes in weight	1	0
(d) For every carcass of swine or part thereof or portion of fresh pork not exceeding 5 okes in weight	—	2
(e) For every carcass of swine or part thereof or portion of fresh pork exceeding 5 okes in weight	—	6

(2) The fees in paragraph (1) of this bye-law prescribed shall not be payable by any person exposing for sale any fresh meat in the meat market, which has been slaughtered in the slaughter-house of the Summer Resort.

44. Every toll payable under this chapter of these bye-laws shall be paid to the Inspector.

45. In this chapter of these bye-laws the term “fresh meat” means the fresh meat of any bullock, camel, cow, goat, kid, lamb, ox or sheep.

Chapter 3.—Fish Market.

46. All fresh fish exposed for sale which in the opinion of the Medical Officer is unfit for human consumption may be seized and destroyed by the Inspector.

47.—(1) Fresh fish exposed for sale shall not be sold otherwise than by weight and every person exposing such fresh fish for sale therein shall provide himself with proper and correct weights, scales, balances or other apparatus to the satisfaction of the Inspector.

(2) The weight by which such fresh fish shall be sold as aforesaid shall be as follows, that is to say:—

- (a) Four hundred drams=one oke.
- (b) Two hundred drams=half an oke.

(3) Fresh fish may be sold by strings in any of the weights prescribed in this bye-law.

Chapter 4.—Special Provisions relating to Markets.

48. Every person selling or exposing for sale fresh meat in the meat market shall:—

(1) to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, the Medical Officer and the Inspector of such market:—

- (a) provide himself with suitable knives and with proper and correct weights, scales, balances or other apparatus, and

- (b) be clad, in addition to the ordinary wearing apparel, with a clean white apron, extending from the neck to below the knee, and
 - (c) keep all shops, stalls and places rented or occupied or used by him in the said market thoroughly clean, ventilated and in proper sanitary condition, and
 - (d) keep all tables, benches, counters, hooks, supports or other furniture in the shops, stalls and places rented or occupied or used by him in the said market in a thoroughly clean condition, and
 - (e) keep all weights, scales, balances or other apparatus used by him in a thoroughly clean condition, and
 - (f) keep all fresh meat flyproof and insectproof, and
- (2)—(a) afford free access to the shops, stalls and places rented or occupied by him in the said market to the Commissioner, the Medical Officer and the Inspector of the said market, and
- (b) render to the Commissioner, the Medical Officer and the Inspector of the said market, such assistance and information as they may reasonably require, and
- (c) obtain from the Medical Officer in every year and have in his possession a certificate to the effect that his state of health and physical fitness are such as not to admit of the possible infection of any fresh meat or fresh pork, and
- (d) produce such certificate as aforesaid at all times on request to the Inspector of the said market.

49. No person shall sleep in any shop, stall, place or space in the market of perishable goods, meat market, or shall cause or allow or suffer any such shop, stall, place or space to be used as sleeping quarters.

50. All perishable goods, fresh meat, fresh pork or fresh fish hawked for sale or exposed for sale within the area of the Summer Resort in contravention of any bye-law contained in this part of these bye-laws may be seized and detained by the Inspector or any other person authorized in writing by the Board and may be destroyed or otherwise disposed of or dealt with by the written order of the Inspector.

PART V.

FOODSTUFFS, BAKERIES AND SALE OF BREAD.

Chapter 1.—Foodstuffs and Bakeries.

51. The Board may from time to time appoint any person to be the Inspector of Foodstuffs and bakeries (hereinafter in this part of these bye-laws referred to as "the Inspector").

52. Every person selling or exposing for sale any foodstuffs for human consumption within the area of the Summer Resort shall keep the premises in which such foodstuffs are sold or exposed for sale thoroughly clean, ventilated and in proper sanitary condition to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, the Medical Officer and the Inspector.

53. Every bakery within the area of the Summer Resort shall have floors, walls, closed ceilings and receptacles constructed and kept, according to the instructions of the Medical Officer.

54. Every bakery shall have its inside walls and ceilings painted with oil paint or limewashed as often and in such manner as may be notified in writing by the Medical Officer.

55.—(1) All tables, benches, moulds, troughs, receptacles, clothes and other articles used in any bakery shall be cleaned and kept clean to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, the Medical Officer and the Inspector.

(2) Electric light shall be the only illuminant used in any bakery when such light is obtainable.

56.—(1) No person shall be engaged or employed in any bakery unless such person shall have in his possession a certificate from the Medical Officer to the effect that his state of health and physical fitness are such as not to admit of the possible infection of bread made or baked by him.

(2) Every such certificate shall be produced on request to the Commissioner, the Medical Officer and the Inspector.

57. Every person engaged or employed in any bakery shall, in addition to the ordinary wearing apparel, be clad with a clean white overall gown to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, the Medical Officer and the Inspector.

58. In distributing bread within the area of the Summer Resort the owner or lessee or occupier of any bakery and any person engaged or employed by him for that purpose shall, to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, the Medical Officer and the Inspector:—

(a) be cleanly clothed, and

(b) use totally covered and clean vans or baskets.

59. No person shall sleep in any bakery or shall cause or allow or suffer any bakery to be used as sleeping quarters.

Chapter 2.—Bread.

60.—(1) Bread exposed for sale within the area of the Summer Resort shall not be sold otherwise than by weight.

(2) The weight by which bread exposed for sale within the area of the Summer Resort shall be sold, shall be as follows, that is to say:—

(a) Two hundred drams=half an oke.

(b) Four hundred drams=one oke.

(3) Loaves of bread may be made or exposed for sale only in any of the weights prescribed in this bye-law.

61. Bread sold or exposed for sale within the area of the Summer Resort which in the opinion of the Medical Officer is unfit for human consumption may be seized and destroyed by the Inspector.

62. Any bread sold or exposed for sale within the area of the Summer Resort in contravention of this part of these bye-laws may be seized and detained by the Inspector and may be destroyed or otherwise disposed of or dealt with by the written order of the Inspector.

Chapter 3.—Special Provisions.

63. The Commissioner, the Medical Officer and the Inspector may:—

(a) during such time as any premises, in which foodstuffs for human consumption are kept or exposed for sale, are open for the transaction of business enter therein and inspect the same for the purpose of ascertaining whether such premises are kept as provided by this part of these bye-laws, and

(b) examine any foodstuffs for human consumption kept or exposed for sale therein, and

(c) enter and inspect at any time any bakery and all articles and materials therein for the purpose of ascertaining whether this part of these bye-laws is complied with.

64. All foodstuffs for human consumption exposed for sale within the area of the Summer Resort which in the opinion of the Medical Officer are unfit for human consumption may be seized and destroyed by the Inspector.

PART VI.

SANITATION AND PUBLIC HEALTH.

Chapter 1.—Sanitary Conveniences.

65. Every owner or lessee of any premises within the area of the Summer Resort, other than the kind of premises mentioned in bye-law 67 (1) shall provide such premises :—

- (a) with a water closet with septic tank or, where the Board may consider such an installation impracticable, with a pit latrine :
- (b) with a water-sump of such form and shape as may be approved by the Medical Officer.

66. Every occupier of any premises within the area of the Summer Resort to which bye-law 65 applies shall, to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer :—

- (a) keep the septic tank or the pit latrine—
 - (i) in a thoroughly clean and sanitary condition,
 - (ii) in such manner as to be flyproof, and
 - (iii) free from the entrance of rain water ;
- (b) keep the water-sump in a thoroughly good and sanitary condition.

67.—(1) Every owner or lessee of any house let on hire or of any hotel, lodging-house, khan, coffee-house or other building within the area of the Summer Resort used for the accommodation or the entertainment of the public during the Summer Season, shall :—

- (a) provide such water closet accommodation or such form of water closet as may be approved by the Medical Officer, and
- (b) supply such water closet at all times with a sufficient quantity of water for cleaning.

(2) Every occupier of any such premises shall, to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer keep such water closet in a thoroughly clean and sanitary condition.

68. No person shall store or keep or permit or allow or suffer to be stored or kept any foodstuffs for human consumption in any room in which any sanitary convenience is being kept.

Chapter 2.—Household Refuse and Night-Soil.

69.—(1) Every owner or lessee or occupier of any premises within the area of the Summer Resort shall provide himself with a suitable sanitary receptacle for containing household refuse.

(2) Every sanitary receptacle shall have a closely fitting cover and shall be kept covered except when opened for loading or unloading.

70. No owner or occupier of any premises within the area of the Summer Resort shall deposit or permit or allow or suffer to be deposited household refuse on such premises except in a sanitary receptacle.

71.—(1) All household refuse shall be collected and removed from all such premises by persons appointed from time to time for this purpose by the Board and between such hours and during such intervals as the Commissioner may from time to time determine and notify by public notification.

(2) All such refuse may be deposited or thrown or left at such places within or outside the area of the Summer Resort as the Commissioner may from time to time determine and notify by public notification.

Chapter 3.—Prevention of Mosquito Breeding.

72. Every owner or lessee or occupier of any premises within the area of the Summer Resort :—

- (a) shall keep such premises free from all swamps, pools, gutters, gullies, pits, and holes where mosquitoes may breed, and
- (b) shall not keep upon such premises any broken or empty bottles, jars, tins, boxes, barrels or other receptacles capable of holding stagnant water and of affording a breeding place for mosquitoes, and
- (c) shall not cause or allow any waste of water upon such premises thereby permitting the breeding of mosquitoes, and
- (d) shall not allow to exist on such premises any hollow trees or other places, wherein mosquitoes may breed, and
- (e) shall not cause or permit any bottles or portions of bottles to be or remain fixed on the top or sides of walls or elsewhere about the premises except when the same are so laid or fixed as not to retain water.

Chapter 4.—Coffee-Houses, Khans, Public Stables, etc.

73.—(1) No person shall keep or cause to be kept within the area of the Summer Resort any coffee-house, khan, public stable or factory where electric, steam or motor power is used or in which any explosive substance is used unless such person has obtained a written licence from the Board.

(2) No person shall put up, erect, construct, keep or use, within the area of the Summer Resort, any kiln for making, baking or burning tiles or bricks or for any other purpose unless such person has obtained a written licence from the Board.

(3) No person shall keep or cause to be kept within the area of the Summer Resort any tannery.

74. Every keeper of any licensed coffee-house, khan or public stable within the area of the Summer Resort, shall, to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer :—

- (a) sweep, clean such coffee-house, khan or public stable every day, and
- (b) collect any accumulation of dung, litter, filth or other offensive or noxious matter in a special place in such coffee-house, khan or public stable separated and fenced round for this purpose, and
- (c) remove at his own expense from such licensed coffee-house, khan or public stable all such dung, litter, filth or other offensive or noxious matter every day, and
- (d) disinfect all places in such licensed coffee-house, khan or public stable infected by dung, litter, filth or other offensive or noxious matter by covering or spreading over all such places lime every day.

75. Every owner or lessee or occupier of any premises within the area of the Summer Resort used as coffee-house, hotel, cook-shop, drinking-shop, confectionery, pastry-shop, dairy, restaurant, barber-shop, bath

or other premises in which foodstuffs and whatever kind or nature of liquids for human consumption are made or exposed for sale shall, to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer :—

- (a) keep all such places or buildings or premises in a thoroughly clean and sanitary condition, and
- (b) keep all articles or furniture and all other articles and materials therein used for the purpose of such places or buildings or premises in a thoroughly clean and sanitary condition.

Chapter 5.—Mandras, Flocks and Live Swine.

76.—(1) No person shall keep or cause to be kept within the area of the Summer Resort any mandra, unless such person has obtained a written licence from the Board.

(2) Every licensed mandra shall be kept thoroughly clean to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer.

77.—(1) No person shall keep or cause to be kept within the area of the Summer Resort any flock of sheep or goats unless such person has obtained a written licence from the Board.

(2) Nothing in this bye-law contained shall prevent any person, without any such licence, to keep or cause to be kept within the area of the Summer Resort sheep or goats not exceeding at any one time three sheep or three goats in number.

78. No person shall keep or cause to be kept within the area of the Summer Resort any live swine, unless such person has obtained a written licence from the Medical Officer.

79. Nothing in this chapter of these bye-laws contained shall apply to any goats or live swine or sheep brought within the area of the Summer Resort for the purpose of slaughtering the same :

Provided :—

- (a) that such goats or live swine or sheep shall be slaughtered within eight days of their being brought therein, and
- (b) that, during the eight days aforesaid, such goats or live swine or sheep shall be kept confined in a place not less than 100 yards from any place of habitation.

Chapter 6.—Hawking.

80.—(1) No person shall hawk for sale or expose for sale within the area of the Summer Resort any sweetmeats, pastry, cake, fancy bread, fresh cheese, ice-cream, sour milk or drinks, unless such sweetmeats, pastry, cake, fancy bread, fresh cheese, ice-cream, sour milk or drinks shall be properly protected from the access of insects or germs or dust by being placed in a dust-tight box, cabinet, utensil or conveyance to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer.

(2) Every such dust-tight box, cabinet, utensil or conveyance shall be kept closed, except when temporarily opened for the purpose of withdrawing the contents or part thereof or of stocking it with new material.

81. Any sweetmeats, pastry, cake, fancy bread, fresh cheese, ice-cream, sour milk or drinks exposed for sale in contravention of this part of these bye-laws may be seized and detained by the Medical Officer or any person authorized in writing by the Board and may be destroyed or otherwise disposed of or dealt with by the written order of the Inspector of Foodstuffs.

Chapter 7.—General.

82. Every person :—

- (a) shall keep always his premises in a thoroughly clean and sanitary condition, and
- (b) shall not suffer or allow any dirt, filth, refuse, night-soil, or any offensive matter or thing to be run or flow in or upon his premises, and
- (c) shall not allow or suffer any nuisance to occur, continue or exist in or upon his premises.

83. No person shall :—

- (a) deposit or throw or leave in or upon any premises, street, public place or water channel any household refuse, dirt or any offensive matter or thing, or
- (b) suffer or allow any offensive matter to run or flow in or upon any street, public place or water channel, or
- (c) spit or expectorate in any public place, or
- (d) deposit or throw or leave any household refuse or any offensive matter or thing, or
- (e) suffer or allow any offensive matter to run or flow in or upon the market of perishable goods, meat market or any place where food is stored or exposed for sale.

Chapter 8.—Powers to Medical Officer.

84.—(1) The Medical Officer or any Sanitary Inspector of the Medical Department shall have power between the hours of 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. to enter any premises or lands for the purpose of ascertaining whether the bye-laws in this Part are complied with :

Provided that no entry shall be made into a private dwelling-house without the consent of the occupier unless the Medical Officer or Sanitary Inspector is accompanied by a Mukhtar or an Aza.

(2) The Medical Officer may serve or cause to be served on any person acting in contravention of this part of these bye-laws a written notice requiring such person to perform or do, within such time as may be specified therein, all acts or things not performed or left undone by him and required to be performed or done by him under this Part of these bye-laws :

Provided that any such written notice shall not relieve any such person from the consequences of any breach of this Part of these bye-laws committed by him previously to the service of such notice.

PART VII.

Chapter 1.—Buildings.

85. No building shall be erected, pulled down or reconstructed, and no alteration or addition shall be made to any building within the area of the Summer Resort on land other than of the category of Arazi Mirié and Arazi Mevcoufé without a permit to that effect first obtained from the Board.

86. Before an application is made for a permit for a new building the applicant shall cause the boundary of the property constituting the proposed building site to be marked in a permanent manner by dressed stone or concrete pillars, placed in the ground at each angle of the boundary of the building site.

87. All applications shall be made on Form Comm. 39 to the Commissioner from whom such forms may be obtained on application.

88.—(1) All applications shall be accompanied by the following documents :—

- (a) The kochan of the property constituting the proposed building site.
- (b) Architect's plan, in duplicate, with elevations and sections drawn to a scale not less than 8 feet to 1 inch of the proposed building or alteration or addition to an existing building.
- (c) A site plan prepared by the Land Registry Office, in duplicate, consisting of a copy of the Government Survey Plan covering the building site, showing the boundaries of the building site and the position of the proposed building or alteration or addition to any existing building in relation to those boundaries and the adjoining buildings or site and the access to the building site from any existing street.

The usual local enquiry fees and plan fees shall be charged by the Land Registry Office for this service.

(2) The Board may alter or modify any such plans as it may deem necessary or desirable.

(3) Any building which it is proposed to erect within the Monarga Forest shall be of good appearance to the satisfaction of the Board.

89. No part of the proposed building or alteration or addition to any existing building shall be within 20 feet of any boundaries of the building site, unless the Board approves otherwise.

90. No tent shall be pitched nor any shed, hut or other building of a temporary nature erected within the area of the Summer Resort without a permit to that effect first obtained from the Board.

91. The Board shall have the power to stop any building in course of construction or demolish any such building or any part thereof which in the opinion of the Board is not being or has not been executed according to the approved plan or is not being or has not been erected on the line fixed.

92.—(1) The following fees shall be paid by every person obtaining a permit from the Board to erect, reconstruct, alter or add to any building within the area of the Summer Resort, that is to say :—

- (a) On issue of a permit for the erection of a new building or the reconstruction of an existing building or portion thereof or addition to an existing building. { A rate not exceeding half per centum on the estimated expenditure for such erection or reconstruction or addition to be determined in each case by the Commissioner.
- (b) On issue of a permit for any alteration of an existing building. { A rate not exceeding half per centum on the estimated expenditure for such alteration to be determined in each case by the Commissioner.

(2) No fee shall be charged or paid for any permit relating to the demolition of any building or any portion thereof, which is not to be reconstructed or altered.

Chapter 2.—Streets.

93. No person shall obstruct wilfully the free passage of any street situated in the area of the Summer Resort.

94. No person shall, without the permission in writing of the Board previously obtained :—

- (a) lay down or take up or remove any water pipe on or from any street, or
- (b) excavate, break up, or disturb any street, or
- (c) construct any fence of any sort upon any street, or
- (d) dig or sink any water channel, well, hole, pit or shaft across or upon any street, or
- (e) place or deposit any timber, chair, stone, manure, lime, soil, ashes, rubbish or any other matter or thing upon any street or pavement, or
- (f) expose for sale in a stationary manner any goods upon any street or pavement, within the area of the Summer Resort.

PART VIII.

FEES ON HOUSES LET OR USED FOR SUMMER VISITS.

95.—(1) There shall be paid in every year by every owner of any premises within the area of the Summer Resort let during the summer season or any part thereof as a fee an amount of 8 per cent. on the estimated rent of such premises as fixed by the Board from time to time.

(2) There shall be paid in every year by every owner of any premises within the area of the Summer Resort, in the occupation of the owner as a fee an amount of 6 per cent. on the estimated rent of such premises as fixed by the Board from time to time.

(3) The Board shall in every year make estimates of rents for any of the purposes prescribed in paragraphs (1) and (2) of this bye-law.

(4) The estimates of rents shall be made in writing and certified by the signatures of the majority of the members of the Board.

(5) A copy of the estimates for rents shall be posted or caused to be posted by the Commissioner at the Police Station.

(6) Any person who may feel himself aggrieved by the estimates of rents may appeal to the Board within fifteen days of the posting of the copy of the estimates of rents at the Police Station. Such appeal shall be in writing and shall state the grounds on which the estimates for rent are objected to.

(7) The Board shall as soon as possible proceed to enquire into the appeals that they have been made and the decision of the Board on such appeals shall be final.

(8) The fees in this bye-law prescribed shall become payable immediately after they are fixed by the Board and shall be paid to the person authorized by the Board.

96. Every keeper of a hotel, lodging house or khan shall—

- (a) enter daily in a book the names and surnames of each person who stays or resides at his hotel, lodging house or khan, and
- (b) shall produce such book for inspection at all times on request to any person authorized by the Board in that behalf.

PART IX.

Chapter 1.—Trade or Professional Licences.

97. No person shall, within the area of the Summer Resort, carry on, exercise or practise any profession, business, trade or other calling or profession unless he has obtained in every year a licence so to do from the Board: Provided that the Board may by public notification made by the Commissioner exempt from the operation of this bye-law any profession business, trade or other calling whenever there shall appear to the Board good reason so to do:

Provided also that a person who is both the owner of premises liable to pay a fee under Part VIII of these bye-laws and who is also liable to pay a fee for a licence under Part IX of these bye-laws in respect of a profession, business, trade, or other calling exercised within such premises shall not be liable to pay both such fees but shall pay whichever fee the Board may direct.

Chapter 2.—Fees for Profession, Trade or Business Licences.

98.—(1) The following fees shall be paid for the issue of licences to persons who wish to carry on, exercise or practise any profession, business, trade or other calling, that is to say:—

	<i>Shillings</i>
(a) Barbers, per annum or part thereof from	5- 20
(b) Bakers, contractors, dentists, medical practitioners, mineral water manufacturers, photographers, shoemakers, per annum or part thereof, from	5- 60
(c) Exporters	20-400
(d) Persons keeping carriages for public hire, per carriage, per annum or part thereof.. .. .	2
(e) Persons keeping motor cars for public hire, per motor car, per annum or part thereof	5
(f) Persons carrying on within the area of the Summer Resort any profession, business, trade or other calling not enumerated above, per annum or part thereof, from..	3-100

(2) The amount of the fees in paragraphs (1) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e) and (f) of this bye-law prescribed, shall be determined in each case by the Board.

(3) All fees in this bye-law prescribed shall become payable immediately after they are fixed or assessed by the Board and shall be paid to the person authorized by the Board in that behalf.

Chapter 3.—Fees on Sale of Animals.

99. Whenever a sale of any animal takes place in the area of the Summer Resort, the vendor or the purchaser for the account of the vendor shall pay the following tolls:—

	<i>p.</i>
(a) For every lamb or kid	1
(b) For every sheep or goat	2
(c) For every weaning piglet	1
(d) For every pig	3
(e) For every ass	2
(f) For every camel, horse, mule or ox	3

PART X.

PROTECTION OF THE DRINKING WATER.

100. No person shall—

- (a) open or injure any spring, subterranean passage, channel, aqueduct or reservoir of the drinking water or take any water therefrom, or
- (b) tamper with, injure or obstruct the drinking water, or
- (c) bathe or wash himself or wash any clothes or any other thing or any animal at a water channel or public fountain, or
- (d) deposit or throw any household refuse or any offensive, decaying or deleterious matter on or into the drinking water, or
- (e) foul or contaminate the drinking water, or
- (f) do anything by which the drinking water shall or may be liable to pollution then or thereafter, or
- (g) injure the pipes or taps attached to a public fountain, or
- (h) transplace or in any way interfere with any pipe whereby the drinking water is conveyed to any building, unless under a permit in writing previously obtained from the Commissioner, or
- (i) remove any measure placed on a private pipe in any street or building, which measure is intended to regulate the quantity of drinking water to which such person is entitled, or
- (j) allow or leave the drinking water to run to waste from any fountain, or to irrigate lands, fields, gardens or trees from the drinking water without the written permission of the Board first obtained, or
- (k) in any way damage, injure or interfere with the water supply.

101. All expenses for the conveyance of drinking water from the main to private premises shall be borne by the owner or occupier thereof in addition to any other expenses which might be incurred for the repair of pipes and streets through which the drinking water is conveyed :

Provided that the above work with regard to the said conveyance of drinking water to private premises shall be carried out by the Board at the expense of the person for whom such conveyance of drinking water is made.

102. Every person requiring drinking water to be conveyed from the main to his private premises shall deposit with the Board a sum equal to the estimated expenditure for such conveyance and the estimated cost required for the repairs of the pipes and streets through which the said conveyance will be made, and in default thereof the Commissioner may refuse such conveyance of drinking water.

103. The Commissioner or any other person authorized by the Board may inspect at any reasonable time any premises to which drinking water is supplied and may regulate the supply thereof.

104. No owner or occupier of any premises supplied with drinking water shall—

- (a) do anything which is calculated to increase his supply of drinking water, or
- (b) transfer to any other house, premises or place any part of the drinking water to which he is entitled, unless he obtains the written permission of the Commissioner.

105. The Board shall not be responsible for the failure whether total or partial of the drinking water or if in consequence of such failure any

owner or occupier of any house, premises or place supplied with drinking water cannot obtain drinking water during all or any of the hours of any day or night.

106. The following rates shall be paid by the owner or occupier of any premises or place supplied with drinking water, that is to say:—

(a) In respect of a house, café, shop or store a rate, to be determined in each case by the Board, not exceeding £3 per annum or part thereof.

(b) In respect of a hotel, khan, factory or industrial undertaking a rate, to be determined in each case by the Board, not exceeding £10 per annum or part thereof:

Provided that the Board may instal water-meters on any water line supply for measuring the quantity of drinking water supplied to any premises and in every such case the rate to be paid by the owner or occupier of any such premises shall be determined in each case by the Board but in no case exceeding 3s. per thousand gallons.

107. Whenever any person, who is entitled to a supply of drinking water, fails or neglects to pay in respect thereof any rate in bye-law 106 of these bye-laws prescribed or acts in contravention of this part of these bye-laws, it shall be lawful for the Board to give directions that such supply of drinking water to such person shall be discontinued until all rates due in respect thereof are paid.

108. All rates payable under this part of these bye-laws shall be paid to any person authorized by the Board in that behalf.

109. In this part of these bye-laws:—

The term "water supply" includes all springs, channels, wells, aqueducts, pipes, reservoirs and other constructions or appliances connected with the drinking water.

The term "drinking water" means any water supplied to the Summer Resort by the Board.

PART XI.

PETROLEUM.

110.—(1) The Board may from time to time appoint premises, within the area of the Summer Resort, to be the petroleum stores.

(2) A public notification of every such appointment shall be made by the Commissioner.

111. The management and control of the petroleum stores are hereby vested in the person appointed from time to time by the Board to be the Storekeeper of the petroleum stores (hereinafter in this part of these bye-laws referred to as the "Storekeeper"), subject to the instructions which he may from time to time receive from the Commissioner.

112. There shall be paid by every person storing any petroleum in the petroleum stores the following storage fees, that is to say:—

(a) For each tin of petroleum not exceeding 12 okes in weight : for a period of 12 months or part thereof .. p. 1

(b) For each barrel or cask of petroleum exceeding 12 okes in weight, for every 12 okes or part thereof : for a period of 12 months or part thereof 0½

113. The storage fees in bye-law 112 of these bye-laws prescribed shall be paid to the Storekeeper.

114. The Storekeeper may refuse to receive in or deliver from the petroleum stores any petroleum until the storage fees payable in respect thereof have been paid to him.

115. The Board are not responsible or liable in damages or otherwise for—

- (a) any loss or injury to any petroleum stored in the petroleum stores arising from breakage or leakage or fire or any unforeseen casualty, and
- (b) any loss not occasioned by the wilful act or neglect of the Storekeeper.

116.—(1) The petroleum stores shall be opened and shall be kept open every day during such hours as the Board may from time to time determine.

(2) A notification of such determination of the Board shall be posted up by the Storekeeper on the doors of the petroleum stores.

PART XII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

117. The Board may from time to time appoint such officers or servants as are necessary for the carrying out of the provisions of the law and of these bye-laws who shall hold office or employment during the pleasure of the Board and shall receive such salary or remuneration as the Board shall appoint.

118.—(1) The Board may refuse to grant any licence or permit or may revoke or suspend any licence or permit granted under these bye-laws.

(2) For every such refusal, revocation or suspension the Commissioner shall forthwith give a notification in writing to the person concerned, stating the grounds on which such refusal, revocation or suspension is based.

119.—(1) For every charge, fee, rate, rent or toll paid under these bye-laws, any Inspector appointed under these bye-laws, or any other person authorized by the Board, to whom the same is paid, shall, respectively, give to the person paying the same a printed receipt in respect thereof from a counterfoil book in such form as the Commissioner may from time to time prescribe.

(2) Every person paying any such charge, fee, rate, rent or toll shall require the Inspector or any other person authorized by the Board, to whom the same is paid, to furnish him with such printed receipt.

120. Every charge, fee, rate, rent or toll in these bye-laws prescribed may be recovered by the Board by civil proceedings independently as to whether the person who was bound to pay the same has or has not been prosecuted or convicted for a breach of these bye-laws.

121. All goods or marketable commodities or merchandise or articles seized by any person having authority to seize the same under these bye-laws, shall be forfeited to the Board.

122. Nothing in these bye-laws contained shall apply to—

- (a) the Government of the Colony of Cyprus, or
- (b) any department or service of His Majesty:

Provided that the Government or any department or service of His Majesty shall pay fees in respect of any water or electric light supplied to them by the Board.

The above Bye-laws have been approved by His Excellency the Governor.

(M.P. 1665/36.)